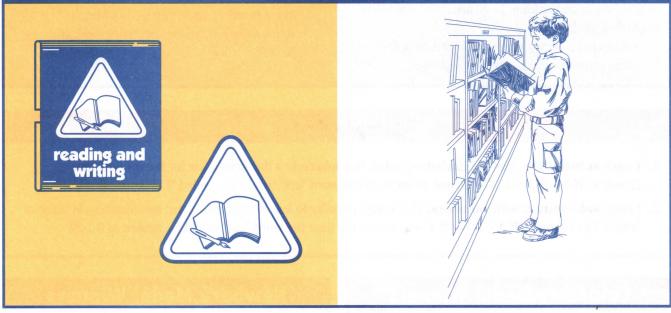
# **Cub Scout Academics: Reading and Writing**



### REQUIREMENTS

Tiger Cubs, Cub Scouts, and Webelos Scouts may complete requirements in a family, den, pack, school, or community environment. Tiger Cubs must work with their parents or adult partners. Parents and partners do not earn loops or pins.

### **Belt Loop**

#### Complete these three requirements:

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Visit a library and get your own library card. Check out and return a book.
  - 2. Write a letter or a short story. Read it to your den or family.
  - \_ 3. Keep a diary of your activities for one week. Read it to your den or family.

### **Academics** Pin

#### Earn the Reading and Writing belt loop and complete five of the following requirements:

- 1. Locate and identify the following parts of a book: title, author, spine, cover, table of contents, and index.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Read a book to a child or group of children.
- 3. Participate in a school or community organized reading program.
- 4. Explain the differences in a biography, autobiography, fiction, and nonfiction books to your parent or den leader.

- 5. Create a bookmark that you can use, or design a book cover.
- 6. Read an article from a newspaper or magazine. This can be done on the computer. Report about what you read to an adult.
- 7. Write a poem and read it to a family member.
- 8. Write a short report about something of interest to you. Read your report to your den or family.
- 9. Read several jokes and riddles. Create two of your own and share them with your den or family.
- \_\_10. Write a commercial, song, or jingle for some product. Perform it for your den or family
- \_\_\_\_11. Create your own alphabet, writing system, or code and explain it to your den or pack.
- \_\_\_\_12. Learn about another writing system such as petroglyphs or Egyptian hieroglyphs. Do your best to draw some of these symbols. Report what you learned to your den or family.

### Resources About Reading and Writing

Your local library is, of course, one of the best resources for reading and writing. Here are some others you might find useful.

- Alphabet coloring pages; Web site: http://www. learningplanet.com/parents/alphabet
- Boys' Life magazine; Web site: http://boyslife.org
- Egyptian hieroglyphics; Web site: http://www. kidzone.ws/cultures/egypt/hieroglyph.htm
- Petroglyph National Monument; Web site: http://www.nps.gov/petr/index.htm
- Writings by Dr. Seuss, Shel Silverstein, and Jack Prelutsky

### **Simple Codes**

- **1. Letter substitution.** Use the English alphabet, but substitute a different letter for the original letter. Example: If A = B, B = C, C = D, and so on, then the word "cat" would be spelled "DBU."
- **2.** Letter substitution with numbers. This code is similar to letter substitution, but use numbers in place of letters. For example: If A = 1, B = 2, C = 3, and so on, then the word "cat" would be written as 3-1-20.

## **Caldecott Medal Winners**

2008: The Invention of Hugo Cabret, by Brian Selznick
2007: Flotsam, by David Wiesner
2006: The Hello, Goodbye Window, by Norton Juster
2005: Kitten's First Full Moon, by Kevin Henkes
2004: The Man Who Walked Between the Towers, by
Mordicai Gerstein
2003: My Friend Rabbit, by Eric Rohmann
2002: The Three Pigs, by David Wiesner
2001: So You Want to Be President?, by Judith
St. George
2000: Joseph Had a Little Overcoat, by Simms Taback

### **Newbery Medal Winners**

2008: Good Masters! Sweet Ladies! Voices From a Medieval Village, by Laura Amy Schlitz
2007: The Higher Power of Lucky, by Susan Patron
2006: Criss Cross, by Lynne Rae Perkins
2005: Kira-Kira, by Cynthia Kadohata
2004: The Tale of Despereaux: Being the Story of a Mouse, a Princess, Some Soup, and a Spool of Thread, by Kate DiCamillo
2003: Crispin: The Cross of Lead, by Avi
2002: A Single Shard, by Linda Sue Park
2001: A Year Down Yonder, by Richard Peck
2000: Bud, Not Buddy, by Christopher Paul Curtis



Don't forget to read the stories in *Boys' Life* magazine!